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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/580,656	05/25/2006	Oliver Mamber	1006/0146PUS1	5033
	7590 01/24/201 r, Olds & Lowe, PLLC	EXAMINER		
4000 Legato Ro		LEO, LEONARD R		
Suite 310 FAIRFAX, VA	22033		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3785	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			01/24/2012	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/580,656	MAMBER, OLIVER	
Examiner	Art Unit	

		LEONARD R. LEO	3785			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the	correspondence add	ress		
THE	REPLY FILED 06 December 2011 FAILS TO PLACE THIS	S APPLICATION IN CONDITION F	OR ALLOWANCE.			
	The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance time periods:	the same day as filing a Notice of ving replies: (1) an amendment, af tice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in	Appeal. To avoid aba fidavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3)		
a)	The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.				
	The period for reply expires gritorian from the mailing date of the lina rejection.  The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.					
<b></b>	Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or ( TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 70	06.07(f).				
nave under set fo may r	nsions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of exit of TSP 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the substitution if the control of the substitution of the substitution of the substitution of the substitution of the control	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply oric than three months after the mailing d	of the fee. The appropr ginally set in the final Offi	iate extension fee ce action; or (2) as		
2.	The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any external Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed NDMENTS	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	o avoid dismissal of th			
<u>,,,,,,</u>	The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, l	but prior to the date of filing a brief	will not be entered b	ecause		
· _	(a) $\square$ They raise new issues that would require further co			coadsc		
	(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo		, ,			
	(c) They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or	tter form for appeal by materially re	educing or simplifying	the issues for		
	(d) They present additional claims without canceling a	-	jected claims.			
_	NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).					
	The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.13 Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)		ompliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).		
ŝ. 🗀	Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be al non-allowable claim(s).	lowable if submitted in a separate	timely filed amendme	ent canceling the		
7. 🛚	For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provide status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		ill be entered and an e	explanation of		
	Claim(s) allowed:					
	Claim(s) objected to:					
	Claim(s) rejected: <u>1,7-10 and 13-17</u> . Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:					
۵FFI	DAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE					
	The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).					
9. 🗆	The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appe	al and/or appellant fa	ils to provide a		
	showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary			•		
REQ	☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation   ■UEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER		•			
11. 🏻	The request for reconsideration has been considered bu <u>See Continuation Sheet.</u>	it does NOT place the application i	n condition for allowa	nce because:		
	Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s).	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)				
13. [	Other:					
		/LEONARD R LEO/				
		Primary Examiner, <b>A</b> rt U	Init 3785			

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

Regarding the rejection under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, the Examiner merely requested clarification with respect to the scope of claim 17. Applicants' intent is believed to claim both boron and cerium.

Applicants' remarks with respect to the thickness of the corrosion resistant layer of Troczynski et al are well taken. However, the Examiner reiterates, "The specific layer thickness is considered to be an obvious design expedient, producing no new and/or unexpected results and solving no stated problem. One of ordinary skill in the art would employ any layer thickness to achieve a desired strength, longevity, effectiveness or heat transfer." The recitations are not two separate reasons, rather a single concept. In other words, the Examiner believes it to be obvious for one of ordinary skill the art to employ any desired thickness for each of the respective layers to achieve desired results, such as a desired strength, longevity, effectiveness or heat transfer. Applicants' specification does not set forth any criticality in the preferred thicknesses of the layers. As evidenced by Angermann (DE 102 13 756) and Yoon et al, the claimed layer thicknesses are well known in heat transfer environments.